Montana Hearing Society Testimony to the Date

21/2011

Senate Public Health, Welfare, and Safety Committee

8B 132

in OPPOSITION to SB 132, regarding licensure for audiologists dispensing or fitting hearing aids

Chairman Murphy and Members of the Senate Public Health, Welfare, and Safety Committee, thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on SB 132, which would enable licensed audiologists to dispense and fit hearing aids without being separately licensed as a hearing aid dispenser. My name is Walt Hopkins and I am Internationally Board Certified in Hearing Instrument Sciences as well as licensed since 1981 by the Montana State Board of Hearing Aid Dispensers. On July of 1990, I was appointed to the Montana State Board by then Governor Stan Stephens for one term, and during, I believe, our third Board meeting, I was elected as Chairman. I served until July of 1993. I was then reappointed by Governor Racicot for a 2nd consecutive term, again serving as a chairman, until July of 1996. The Montana Board of Hearing Aid Dispensers has regulated the dispensing of hearing instruments for over 35 years, writing rules for hearing aid dispensers and handling complaints from consumers, as well as taking action against Licensed Dispensers for unethical or illegal activities, ranging from fines to permanent revocation of licensure. In fact, during my two terms, several licenses were revoked, which means that those individuals can never be licensed again anywhere in the United States.

Although the Board has many functions, their major goals are to:

1. Protect and serve the hearing impaired population, many of whom are elderly, and to

2. Set high standards for becoming a Montana State Board Licensed Hearing Aid Dispenser. This to be accomplished by administering exams.

In order to be licensed as a hearing aid dispenser in Montana, an applicant must pass a national written examination and practical examination, as well as achieve 1,000 supervised training hours in hearing instruments. We must also earn 10 credit hours in continuing education in hearing instrument sciences each year to maintain our licensure.

During my two terms I have seen a number of audiologists who had recently graduated with a Masters Degree, and all of whom had passed the State Audiology Exam, which I understand is extremely difficult, <u>fail</u> the practical exam for licensure to dispense hearing aids. This was not and, as I understand it, *still* is not an uncommon outcome.

During my two terms, hearing instrument science was much less difficult, as we were still fitting the more primitive analog hearing aids. Now, well over 80% of the hearing aids dispensed are very sophisticated <u>digital</u>, computer programmable instruments with multiple programs for different hearing situations. These require <u>much</u> more knowledge and training to properly fit and to appropriately correct a hearing loss. However, if done competently, the benefit to the hearing impaired <u>user</u> is <u>immensely</u> greater than could even be imaginable in 1990.

I have <u>great</u> respect for audiologists and speech pathologists. They are <u>extremely</u> knowledgeable in diagnosing hearing and speech pathology and that is why they have a Masters Degree. They have been very well educated in MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS and testing procedures.

I worked with Leah Jacobson, Ph.D. Audiologist, while I was still working for Prescription Design Hearing Aid Center, with Eric Ellingson. I am now working with Pat Fournier at The Hearing Place and am still practicing as a Licensed Hearing Aid Dispenser.

I asked Leah about her love of diagnostics and discovered just how incredibly well audiologists and speech pathologists serve the hearing impaired. Here are just two of many examples I could bring forth:

- I was fascinated by the ability, for instance, to use advanced medical equipment to transmit calculated sound signals into the ear of a two month old infant, and by measuring and analyzing the evoked response, in other words the sound which comes back <u>out</u> of the ear after it has been processed by the cochlea, which contains the nerve cells of the inner ear, and then to be able to measure that infants hearing ability. The results of this can completely change the way that child is raised and educated, all depending upon an extremely early detection of a moderate or severe hearing loss
- Or, just imagine <u>teaching</u> a deaf child how to speak. Speech Pathologists are able to do this!

I have, during my long career as a Hearing Aid Dispenser, spoken at length with many audiologists, usually those licensed to fit hearing aids in this state and others, and from what they have told me, almost <u>none</u> of them received anywhere <u>near</u> enough training earning their Masters Degree in Audiology to be able to competently practice in the <u>highly specialized</u> field of correctly fitting hearing instruments to correct hearing loss. These two fields of practice are completely different, with minor overlaps.

Being required to pass the examination and become licensed by the Montana Board of Hearing Aid Dispensers in order to legally dispense hearing aids has served the hearing impaired population of Montana, and Licensed Hearing Aid Dispensers, whether they be audiologists or non-audiologists, well for many years, and it continues to do so. For everyone's well-being I am strongly opposed to SB132.

Thank you, Walt Hopkins.

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To the Senate Public Health, Welfare, and Safety : Senator Terry Murphy, Chairman Senator Jason Priest, Vice Chairman
Committee Members: Senator Mary Caferro, Senator Kim Gillan, Senator Rowlie Hutton, Senator
Dave Lewis, Senator Kendall Van Dyk
Senate Bill 161, Nullify federal health care laws
AN ACT DECLARING THAT THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT OF 2010 AND THE HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2010 ARE INVALID, NULL, VOID, AND UNENFORCIEABLE IN MONTANA; PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR ENFORCEMENT OR ATTEMPTED ENFORCMENT
Support of this bill is important to protect the inalienable rights of all citizens under the US Constitution and the Montana State Constitution. It is shameful that it is necessary to create a law to protect the rights of Montana Citizens from over-reaching actions of the federal government into areas not granted to it in the US Constitution
I fully support SB161 and want to see it become Montana Law.
Signed: Lark Chadhick
Lark Chadwick PoBox 1867 Thompson Falls 1/21/11 Printed Name Mailing Address City/ST 59873 Date
Also, these additional Montana citizens support SB117 and urge this committee to further it in the
process to becoming Montana law!
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Julie Wolf Gulle Walf 434 Parkway Kalisper 1-21-11 7. Printed Name / Signature Mailing Address City/ST Date
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8. Printed Name / Signature Mailing Address City/ST Date

Date: Jan 21, 2011

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To the Senate Public Health, Welfare, and Safety:

Senator Terry Murphy, Chairman Senator Jason Priest, Vice Chairman

Committee Members: Senator Mary Caferro, Senator Kim Gillan, Senator Rowlie Hutton, Senator Dave Lewis, Senator Kendall Van Dyk

Senate Bill 161, Nullify federal health care laws

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